

Legend Board Instructions

Features

- Fully functional in the Infinity Legend
- Based on the Musashi 7 software
- New model microcontroller runs at 8 Mhz for no hardware lag and the fastest code execution
- Enhanced power switching hardware for the solenoid
- Includes 12 fire modes: uncapped semi-auto, capped semi-auto, PSP autoresponse, PSP 50% ramping, PSP 100% ramping, PSP burst, NXL fullautomatic, auto-response, 50% ramping, 100% ramping, 3 round burst, and full-automatic
- Asynchronously monitors the trigger switch, using an interrupt based scan at 2 million times per second
- G mode setting allows 3 different options for every fire mode, giving 36 different "breakout" style modes
- Adjustable ABS programming prevents first shot drop-off
- AMB (anti-mechanical bounce) and CPF (cycle percentage filter) algorithms help to eliminate mechanical bounce and switch bounce
- Power efficient software and hardware lengthens battery life
- Programming mode allows changes to debounce, dwell, loader delay, AMB, ABS dwell, fire mode, fire mode max rate of fire, eye mode, CPF, ramp start, G mode, bolt delay, and training mode dwell
- All settings are stored in non-volatile memory so they are not lost when battery is disconnected
- One-touch startup enables the marker to fire instantly
- Automatic 15-minute idle power down saves batteries
- 4 eye modes: delayed, forced with force shot, test mode with rate of fire indicator, and reduced dwell training mode with rate of fire indicator
- Low battery indicator hardware and software shows battery level each time the marker is turned on
- Lifetime free upgrades at PSP and NPPL events
- Lifetime warranty against manufacturing defects

Installation

Removal and installation of the board on an Infinity Legend must be carefully done to ensure the electronics are not damaged. Begin by removing the grips from the marker. This will expose the entire circuit board, battery, and solenoid. Carefully unplug the battery. Remove the stock board by sliding it out of its retaining slot, making sure to keep the power switch insert in place in the frame. Unplug the 10-pin wiring harness from the stock board and plug it into the Tadao Legend board. Slide the Tadao Legend board back into the frame, keeping the power switch insert flush with the frame so it will clear the power switch on the board. If the marker does not turn on, it may be due to a low or incorrectly inserted battery.

LED Indicator

The multi-color LED that shines out the rear of the grip frame shows which mode of operation the marker is currently in:

Rapid Blinking Red Rapid Blinking Yellow Rapid Blinking Green Solid Blue

Slow Blinking Red

At startup this indicates an exhausted battery At startup this indicates a low battery At startup this indicates a good battery

Ball in breech, ready to fire

Slow Blinking Blue No ball in breech Slow Blinking Yellow Eye malfunction,

w Eye malfunction, max rate of fire reduced to 12 bps; clean

eyes or make sure the gun is fired with paint and air Eyes disabled, rate of fire limited to 30 balls per second in mode 1; otherwise capped at fire mode max rate of fire for

fire modes 2 through 12

Power Operation

Pressing and releasing the power button turns the marker on. The battery indicator will show the current power level of your battery with a flickering red, yellow, or green LED. After, it will show a solid or blinking blue. To turn off, press and hold the power button for 1.5 seconds until the LED turns off, then release. Every time the marker is turned on, the eyes are enabled. The marker can be turned off regardless of the state of the eyes.

Eye Operation and Logic

The eyes are enabled when the marker is first turned on. The eyes can be toggled by using the power button. Press and release the power button quickly and the LED will change colors to indicate the mode change.

If used, the eye system cycles the marker as fast as possible. During each shot the eyes watch for the bolt to return, ending the current firing cycle and starting another as quickly as the pneumatics allow. If the eye system is continually blocked (e.g. putting your finger in front of the eyes) and is unable to see the bolt return after every shot, the max rate of fire will be reduced to about 12 balls per second to prevent further chopping, and the LED will blink yellow to indicate an eye malfunction. Firing the marker with paint and air will utilize the eye system correctly, maximizing the rate of fire. When the eyes are off, the rate of fire is limited to 30 balls per second unless in fire mode 2-12, in which case the rate of fire is selected by the user.

To determine if the eyes are working correctly, insert an object into the breech. Check to see if the LED changes from blinking blue to solid blue and then back to blinking blue once the object is removed.

Battery Indicator

Battery indicator software and hardware are standard on the Tadao Legend board. When the marker is turned on, the LED will briefly flicker red, yellow, or green to indicate the status of your battery. If it flickers red, the battery is exhausted and should be changed as soon as possible. If it flickers yellow, the battery may last for another case of paint, but it is close to failing.

Programming

The tournament lock must be disabled in order to change settings on the board. Pushing the small switch labeled "lock" near the bottom of the board toggles the tournament lock. While the marker is turned off, push and hold the lock button. The LED will flash red or green to indicate the status of the lock. Red means the lock is on, while green means the lock is off. When the lock and the marker are off, pull and hold the trigger, then push the power button. The marker will boot into programming mode, showing a rainbow sequence before stopping at solid green.

Pulling and releasing the trigger quickly will toggle between the different programming modes:

Green Debounce Purple Dwell Yellow Loader delay

Blue AMB (anti-mechanical bounce)

Red ABS dwell White Fire mode

Teal Fire mode max rate of fire

Flickering Green Eye mode

Flickering Yellow Ramp start Flickering Blue G mode Flickering Red Bolt delay

Flickering White Training mode dwell

When the LED is lit for the desired setting, press and hold the trigger until the LED goes out. When you release the trigger, the LED will blink to show the current setting. For example, if the current setting for debounce is 5, the LED will blink green 5 times. Once the LED stops blinking, you have 2 seconds to begin entering the new setting. To enter the new setting, pull the trigger the desired number of times. For example, to set the debounce to 2, you must pull the trigger 2 times. Every time you pull the trigger the LED will light. After all settings have been changed, turn the marker off, using the power button.

Programming Example

If you want to set the dwell to 12, you should:

- Make sure the marker is powered off and the tournament lock is disabled.
- 2. Pull the trigger and push the power button to turn on the marker.
- The LED shows a rainbow sequence then stops on solid green. This is the debounce mode.
- 4. Quickly pull and release the trigger 1 time to switch to the dwell mode. The LED will show purple.
- 5. Pull and HOLD the trigger until the LED turns off.
- 6. Release the trigger. The LED will blink out the current setting.
- When the LED stops blinking, enter the new setting by pulling the trigger 12 times.
- Wait until the LED turns back on, indicating programming has been completed.
- 9. Turn the marker off.

Program Reset

To reset all settings to factory defaults, hold down the lock button for 10 seconds while in programming mode. The LED will rapidly cycle through every setting color to indicate that the process has completed.

Settings

Debounce – The Tadao Legend board features an interrupt based debounce algorithm that effectively "scans" the trigger over 2 million times per second. It runs this completely independent of code execution on the microcontroller so your trigger pulls are always registered. The debounce setting is in increments of 1/2 milliseconds. Users should be aware that low debounce settings may cause the marker to read switch bounce as additional pulls, falsely generating shots or near full-automatic fire. The setting ranges from 1 to 50 and is defaulted at 10 (5 ms).

Dwell – The amount of time the solenoid is energized each time the marker is fired. The default is 10 ms. The range is 2 to 20 ms. Too low of a dwell may lead to inconsistency or drop-off. Too high of a dwell can cause bad air efficiency.

Loader delay – Adds a slight delay after the eye has seen a ball and the bolt is cycled, causing the gun to fire. If not using force fed loaders, it may be necessary to increase this setting to prevent chopping. A setting of 1 means no loader delay, which is the fastest. The default is 2 and may be set from 1 to 10.

AMB (Anti-mechanical bounce) – Allows the user to adjust the anti-mechanical bounce feature. Mechanical bounce occurs due to the kick generated during each shot and can cause the marker to "run away" on the first few shots. AMB helps stop markers from going full-auto when the trigger is pulled very slowly. The default is 2 and may be set from 1 to 5 (1 being off). AMB is only used in fire modes 1 and 2 (semi-automatic unlimited and adjustable).

ABS dwell – Amount of dwell time added for an ABS (anti-bolt stick) shot. The range is from 1 to 10 additional milliseconds of dwell. The default is 1, which is disabled. ABS programming helps to eliminate first shot drop-off. First shot drop-off occurs when the lube and o-rings settle or "stick" inside the marker after it has been sitting. The next shot fired will be lower in velocity because the bolt has to break free. ABS will slightly increase the dwell to compensate if the marker is left sitting for 15 seconds.

Fire mode – Included are 12 different fire modes (default is 1):

- 1. Semi-automatic, unlimited rate of fire
- 2. Semi-automatic, adjustable rate of fire
- 3. PSP auto-response
- 4. PSP 50% ramping, adjustable ramp start
- 5. PSP 100% ramping, adjustable ramp start
- 6. PSP burst
- 7. NXL full-automatic
- 8. Auto-response
- 9. 50% ramping
- 10. 100% ramping
- 11. 3 round burst
- 12. Full-automatic

Setting 1 is normal semi-automatic with an unlimited rate of fire while the eyes are enabled. When the eyes are turned off, the max rate of fire is set to 30 balls per second.

Setting 2 is semi-automatic with an adjustable rate of fire. It limits the maximum balls per second that can be fired. The cap is set by the max rate of fire setting.

Setting 3 is the PSP auto-response fire mode that works as follows:

- The first 3 shots of a string are semi-automatic
- After the 4th shot the marker will fire on the pull and release in autoresponse mode
- If the user stops firing for more than 1 second, the 3-shot semi-automatic count starts over

Setting 4 is the PSP 50% ramping fire mode that works as follows:

- The first 3 shots of a string are semi-automatic
- After the 4th shot the marker will ramp, adding 1 additional shot for every 2
 pulled by the user, as long as the user pulls the trigger faster than the ramp
 start setting
- If the user stops firing for more than 1 second, the 3-shot semi-automatic count starts over

Setting 5 is the PSP 100% ramping fire mode that works as follows:

The first 3 shots of a string are semi-automatic

- After the 4th shot the marker will ramp up to the loader's maximum speed or the maximum rate of fire, as long as the user pulls the trigger faster than the ramp start setting
- If the user stops firing for more than 1 second, the 3-shot semi-automatic count starts over

Setting 6 is the PSP burst fire mode that works as follows:

- The first 3 shots of a string are semi-automatic
- After the 4th shot the marker will burst fire 3 shots per pull
- If the user stops firing for more than 1 second, the 3-shot semi-automatic count starts over

Setting 7 is the NXL full-automatic fire mode. It functions similarly to the PSP fire modes except, after the 3rd semi-automatic shot, the user may pull and hold the trigger for the marker to fire in full-automatic.

Setting 8 is the normal auto-response fire mode. The marker will fire on each pull and release of the trigger, generating 2 shots per full pull cycle.

Setting 9 is the normal 50% ramping fire mode. The marker will fire in semi-automatic unless the user pulls the trigger faster than the ramp start setting. Once the ramp start setting has been achieved, the marker will 50% ramp, adding 1 additional shot for every 2 trigger pulls.

Setting 10 is the normal 100% ramping fire mode. The marker will fire in semiautomatic unless the user pulls the trigger faster than the ramp start setting. Once the ramp start setting has been achieved, the marker will ramp up to the maximum feed rate of the loader or the maximum rate of fire setting, whichever is lower.

Setting 11 is the normal 3 round burst fire mode. The marker will burst fire 3 times for every pull and release of the trigger.

Setting 12 is the normal full-automatic fire mode. As long as the trigger is depressed the marker will fire in full-automatic.

Fire mode max rate of fire – The max rate of fire setting applies to the 2nd – 12th fire modes. The max rate of fire is adjustable from 14 to 20 balls per second in 1/4 balls per second increments, and has an unlimited setting for maxing out the loader system. The default is 5, which is roughly 15 balls per second. Oscillator inconsistencies from chip to chip make it impossible to time perfectly, so the only true way to check rate of fire is to use a Pact Timer or ballistic chronograph. The red radar chronographs commonly found at fields are NOT reliable.

Setting	BPS	Setting	BPS	Setting	BPS
1	14.0	9	16.0	17	18.0
2	14.25	10	16.25	18	18.25
3	14.5	11	16.5	19	18.5
4	14.75	12	16.75	20	18.75
5	15.0	13	17.0	21	19.0
6	15.25	14	17.25	22	19.25
7	15.5	15	17.5	23	19.5
8	15.75	16	17.75	24	19.75
				25	20.0
				26	Unlimited eyes on
					30 bps eyes off

Eye Mode – Four eye modes are available:

- Delayed If the eye system does not detect a ball in the breech for 1/2 second, the marker automatically fires. This is useful for sound activated loaders because it ensures that a shot is fired, even without paint, so the loader will continue to feed.
- 2. Forced with force shot The marker only fires if paint is seen in the breech or the user pulls and holds the trigger for 1/2 second, thereby initiating a force shot.
- 3. Test This mode is specifically used to see how fast the user can fire the marker, or how fast the pneumatics can actually cycle. The eyes work to prevent firing if they are blocked. This mode is only for dry firing. The LED shows the fastest achieved rate of fire:

Red less than 10 bps
Yellow between 10 and 15 bps
Green between 15 and 20 bps
Blue between 20 and 25 bps
White 25 bps or greater

As long as the user continues to fire, the fastest achieved rate of fire will continue to be displayed on the LED. If the user stops firing for 1 second, the LED will cycle back through the rate of fire colors.

4. Training – This mode works just like the test eye mode, but features an adjustable

dwell setting independent of the normal dwell, making it easy for users to adjust their trigger settings and try them out with much less noise and air consumption. The training mode dwell setting corresponds with this eye mode.

Note: The test and training eye modes work with any fire mode selected. The fire mode max rate of fire is set to unlimited while in test or training eye mode.

CPF (Cycle percentage filter) - The cycle percentage filter allows adjustment of the point within the current firing cycle that a new buffered shot is allowed. Almost all electronic paintball markers allow a single shot to be buffered in the event the user is fast enough to release the trigger and pull again during the current firing cycle. The CPF setting is adjustable from 1 to 10. Setting 1 turns the CPF off, allowing buffered shots at any point in the firing cycle. Settings 2 through 10 set the percentage of the firing cycle that must pass before shots may be buffered:

- CPF turned off 1.
- 10% of the firing cycle must pass before a buffered shot is allowed
- 3. 20%
- 4. 30%
- 40% 5
- 50%
- 7. 60%
- 8.
- 70%
- 80% 9
- 10. 90%

A higher CPF setting results in less unintentional bounce. For instance, it is possible that if your debounce setting is border line, you can fire the marker a few times, then hold it loosely and allow it to brush against your finger, going full-automatic. Since most switch bounce from either a low debounce setting or mechanical bounce occurs almost immediately after the trigger is released, CPF can be very effective in eliminating falsely generated trigger activity.

Ramp start – This setting is only used for the four ramping fire modes (PSP 50% and 100% ramping, and normal 50% and 100% ramping). It sets the minimum pulls per second that must be maintained for the software to add shots or ramp up to the maximum rate of fire setting. The default is 5 and is adjustable from 4 to 14 pulls per second.

G mode - The Tadao Legend board includes a special mode that can be applied 3 different ways to each of the 12 fire modes, giving 36 "breakout" style combinations. G mode gives the user full-automatic with an unlimited rate of fire for a single pull, for use at the start of the game. The setting is defaulted at 4, which turns G mode off. Settings 1, 2, and 3 dictate at which pull that G mode will become active. If set to 1, the first shot after you turn on the marker will be full-automatic with an unlimited rate of fire for as long as you hold down the trigger. As soon as you release the trigger, the marker will stop shooting and default back to your selected fire mode. If set to 3, the G mode will be active on the third shot after the marker is turned on. Regardless of the fire mode selected, the shots before the G mode will be semi-automatic. G mode can only be used once for each time the marker is turned on.

Note: G mode is illegal for use in all tournament series. Tadao Technologies LLC takes no responsibility for the user's choice in using G mode.

Bolt delay - This setting determines how long the eyes are ignored after the dwell time ends. Some delay is necessary to allow the bolt to get far enough forward so the eye system does not mistake a small gap between a paintball and the bolt face for a bolt return. The default is 10 ms and may be set from 1 to 15 ms. Higher settings will reduce the maximum capable rate of fire, while lower settings may lead to skipped or blank shots because the bolt does not have enough time to block the eyes on its forward stroke.

Training mode dwell – This setting selects the marker's dwell time if using the training eye mode (eye mode set to 4). The dwell time is reduced so that the marker barely cycles, consuming less air and emitting less noise so users can train their finger speed. The setting is adjustable from 1 to 10 ms, and is defaulted at 3 ms. If this setting is too high, the marker may actually fire. If that is your intention, you should switch to the test eye mode, which uses the normal dwell setting.

Additional Features

RF transmitter socket and harness – Included with your board is a wiring harness that allows plug and play installation of an RF based loader, such as the Draxxus Pulse. The wiring harness plugs into the RF socket on the board and into the RF transmitter. When installed and synchronized with the loader, the transmitter will be automatically powered during every shot.

Force Shot – In the event the eyes are enabled, the breech is empty, and the user wants to fire a clearing shot, a force shot can be initiated by pulling and holding the trigger for 1/2 second. This is useful with force fed loaders that sometimes push a ball slightly into the detents where the eyes are unable to see it. After force firing, the next ball will load,

and operation will continue as normal.

A tip for setting the debounce, AMB, and CPF – This only applies to semi-automatic fire modes (modes 1 and 2) since AMB is disabled in the PSP fire modes or NXL mode.

Debounce, AMB, CPF setup steps, while using paint and air:

- Turn AMB and CPF off (set both to 1).
- Starting at debounce 1-3, raise the debounce setting a notch at a time until excessive trigger bounce goes away. The goal is to have one pull, one shot, regardless of rate of fire. Do NOT slow pull test for bounce during this phase. Instead, pull the trigger rapidly or walk it, listening for double or triple fires.
- 3. When it appears that it is only one shot, one pull for solid trigger pulls, try the slow pull test. Holding the marker steady, slowly pull the trigger and see if multiple shots can be generated from the single pull.
- Increase the CPF setting a notch at a time until the slow pull bounce starts to disappear. An additional test is to fire a few rounds quickly, then hold the trigger right on the activation point to see if the marker will run away.
- If you reach setting 10 with CPF and the marker can still be slow pulled to fire 5. full-automatic, your debounce setting is probably too low. Go back to step 2.
- AMB should not be set above 3, if possible, since it is not as transparent to the 6. user as CPF. Even a CPF setting of 10 will not be noticed by the user.

Example Setting Profiles:

- Tournament legal semi-automatic (NPPL)
 - Fire mode 1 or 2 (semi-auto unlimited or capped)
 - Debounce 5-20 b.
 - AMB 2 c.
 - d. CPF 2-5
 - Loader delay set to match your loader (1-4 for Halo, 4-10 for gravity feed) e.
- PSP X-Ball, CFOA
 - Fire mode 3, 4, 5, or 6 a.
 - b. Max rate of fire set to 4-6, depending on Pact Timer readings
 - Debounce 5-20 c.
 - d. Ramp start 5 or higher if using PSP 50% or 100% ramping
 - Loader delay set to match your loader (1-4 for Halo, 4-10 for gravity feed) e.
- Millennium
 - Fire mode 4, 5, 9, or 10 (PSP or normal ramping modes) a.
 - b. Max rate of fire set to 4-6, depending on Pact Timer readings
 - Debounce 5-20 c.
 - d. Ramp start 8 or higher
 - Loader delay set to match your loader (1-4 for Halo, 4-10 for gravity feed) e.
 - NXL
 - Fire mode 7 (NXL full-automatic) a.
 - Max rate of fire set to 4-6, depending on Pact Timer readings b.
 - Debounce 5-20 c.
 - Loader delay set to match your loader (1-4 for Halo, 4-10 for gravity feed) d.
- Ludicrous Speed (absolute fastest/bounciest)
 - Any fire mode a.
 - Max rate of fire set to 26 (unlimited) b.

Ramp start 4 if using any ramping modes

- Debounce 1 c.
- d. AMB 1 if using semi-automatic e.
- Loader delay

Additional Information

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